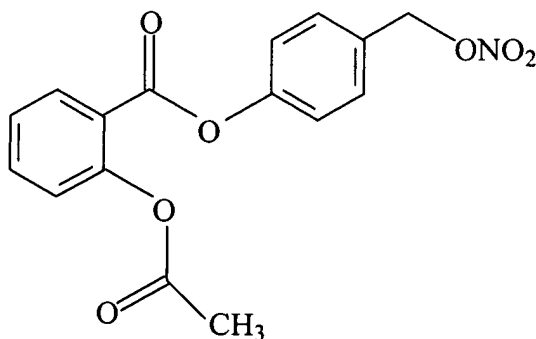
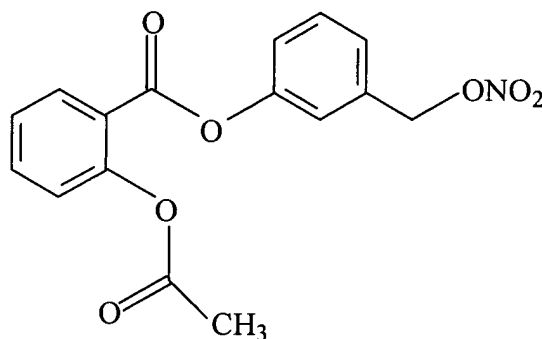


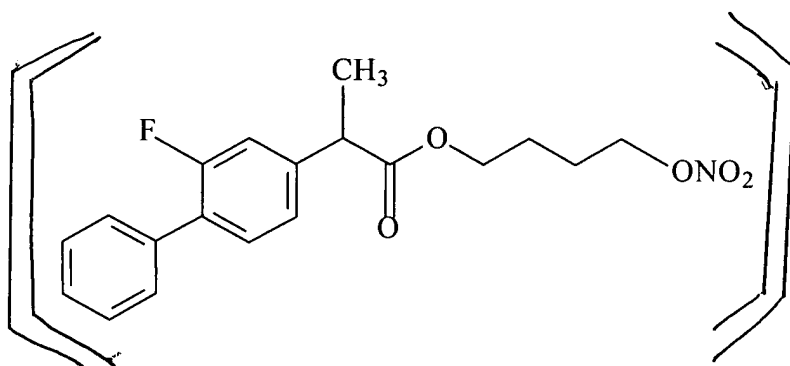
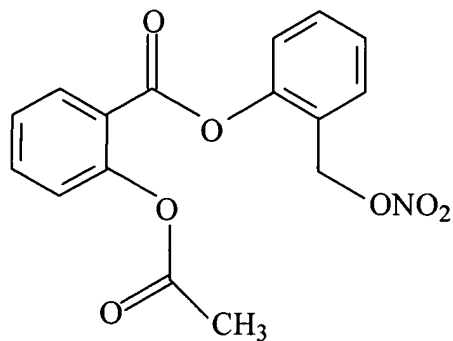
I. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1-3. (Canceled)

4. (Original) The method of claim 7 ~~according to Claim 1, in which R is as defined by group VIA) (formula Ia)~~, wherein  $R_1$  is the group  $OCOR_3$  with  $R_3 = CH_3$ ,  $R_2 = H$  and  $X = O$ ;  $R_1$  is in the ortho position to CO.

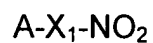
5. (Currently Amended) A method for treatment of gastrointestinal tumors, according to Claim ~~[[1]]~~ 7, by administering compounds having the following formulas:





6. (Canceled)

7. (New) A method for treatment of gastrointestinal tumors by administering compounds, having the formula:



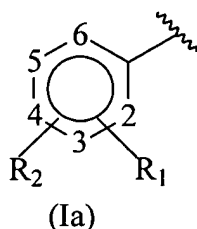
or their salts, where:

A = R(COX)<sub>t</sub> wherein

t is 1;

X = O, NH, NR<sub>1C</sub> wherein R<sub>1C</sub> is a linear or branched alkyl having from 1 to 10 C atoms;

R is Group VIA), where:



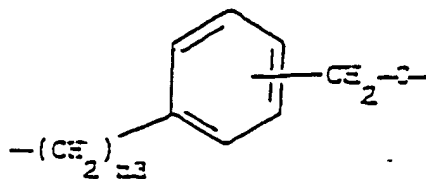
R<sub>1</sub> is group OCOR<sub>3</sub>; where R<sub>3</sub> is methyl, ethyl or a linear or branched C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, or the residue of a single-ring heterocycle having 5 or 6 atoms which can be aromatic, partially or totally hydrogenated, containing one or more heteratoms independently chosen from O, N and S; R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen, a linear or whenever possible branched alkyl having from 1 to 4 C atoms, a linear or whenever possible branched alcoxyl having from 1 to 4 C atoms; a linear or whenever possible branched perfluoroalkyl having from 1 to 4 C atoms, for example trifluoromethyl, nitro, amino, mono- or di (C<sub>1-4</sub>) alkylamino; or

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> jointly are the dioxymethylene group, with the proviso that when X = NH, then X<sub>1</sub> is ethylene and R<sub>2</sub> = H; R<sub>1</sub> cannot be OCOR<sub>3</sub> at position 2 when R<sub>3</sub> is methyl;

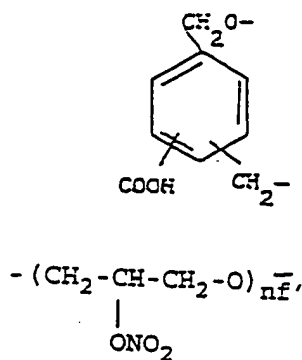
X<sub>1</sub> in formula A-X<sub>1</sub>-NO<sub>2</sub> is a bivalent connecting bridge chosen from the following:

- YO

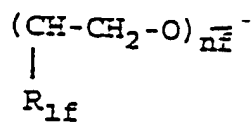
where Y is a linear or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkylene, or an optionally substituted cycloalkylene having from 5 to 7 carbon atoms;



where  $n_3$  is an integer from 0 to 3;



where  $nf$  is an integer from 1 to 6;



where  $R_{1f} = \text{H or } \text{CH}_3$  and  $nf$  is an integer from 1 to 6.